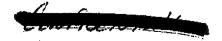
AFFENDIX B TO INCLOSURE 1

SUBJECT: AFTER ACTION REFORT - Battle of Am Tinh

- 1. (U) OFERATION: PERSHING I
- 2. (U) FERIOD COVERED: \$2-\$1, January 1968
- 3. (U) LOCATION: AN TIGH (H), MY THANG (V), THU MY (D), BINH DIGH (F), REPUBLIC OF VIETNAM (BR 997831)
- 4. (U) COMMAND HEADQUARTERS: 1ST BATTALION (MECH) 50TH INFAMINY, 2D BRIGADE, 1ST AIR CAVALRY DIVISION
- 5, (U) REPORTING OFFICER: CAFTAIN JOHN A TOFFER
- 6. (C) TASK ORGANIZATION:
 - a. B Co 1/50 Infantry
 - b. D Co 1/50 Infantry
 - c. B Co 1/5 Cavalry
 - d. C Co 1/5 Cavalry
 - e. B Co 2/5 Cavalry
- 7. (C) SUFFICIATING FUNCES
 - a. C Troop 1/9 Cav (GS)
 - b. 2/20 Arty (...R.A.) (GS)
 - c. E Btry 7/13 Arty (105) (DS)
 - d. B Btry 7/15 arty (8") (GS)
 - e. 2d Brigade Aviation Flatcon (GS)
 - f. B Co 227th Aviation Bettalion (GS)
 - g. 7th Air Force (TACAIR) (GS)
 - h. 15th Med Bn (GS)
 - i. D Cc 6th Engr En (GS)
 - j. MTF-A (105) (GS)
 - k. National Police Field Forces (GS)
 - 1. Naval Swift Doats (GS)





s. (c) INTELLIGENCE

Villagers to the west of An Tinh reported that on 1 January an NVA Dattalien was seen moving to the east and north. The battalion's mission was reportedly to prepare for the Winter/Spring offensive. Specific mission was believed to be to attack fire bases along highway #1 and also to attack EF/FF outposts.

- 9. (C) MISSION: Find and destroy the enemy battalion.
- 10. (C) CONCERT OF OFERATIONS: D 1/50 is to conduct Cordon & Search of An Lac (1) and (2). B 1/50 is to conduct Search & Clear operations in the Southern Cay Gier mountains.

11. (C) EXECUTION:

a. D 1/50 at 1032 hours on 2 January while moving into An Lac (1), received a heavy volume of small arms and automatic weapons fire from that hamlet and the hamlet immediately bordering it on the north (An Tinh). It became apparent D Company was in contact with a major force. At 1051 hours it was decided to commit B 1/50 which was working about 8,000 meters No of the contact area. D Company continued in contact. AR. ships were called in and received extremly heavy volumes of fire. At 1203 hours, D Company succeeded in breaking contact and artillery ceased. The local populace was then given 30 minutes to clear the contact area. At 1237 hours B 1/5 Cav was air-assaulted into the contact area to the south. National Folice Field Forces were brought into the area to screen and control the civilians. At 1302 hours D 1/50 and E 1/5 began moving into the contact area supported by tube artillery, ARL and C 1/9 Cav gun shirs. At 1410 hours C 1/5 was air assaulted into the area of contact on the west. At 1430 hours B 1/50 closed the centact area from the north. The enemy was then surrounded and all elements began closing in. Tac hir was called in and tube artillery continued pounding the area. The attack was met with fierce resistance and the Task Force was unable to sweep the entire contact area. At 1537 hours B 1/50 captured a PN who revealed two companies of the 97th Dm, 2d VC Regt, 3d NVA Div and one rear services Cc of the 2d Regt were trapped in the hamlet. At night fell all units pulled back and established blocking and ambush positions on routes of enemy egress. At 1857 hours D 2/5 Cav was air assaulted in to further bolster the cordon. Sporadic contact was made with small groups of NV. throughout the night, trying to exfiltrate the contact area.

h. On 3 January C 1/5 followed P 1/50 attacking from the north, D 1/50 attacked from the east and B 1/5 attacked from the south. E 2/5 remained in position as reserve. All units met with sporadic, light to heavy contact throughout the morning. Air strikes and artillery continued. By 1300 hours the last pocket of resistance had been eliminated. Iolice of the battle area then began and B 2/5 returned to parental control. Though the battle had ended, B 1/50 and C 1/5 remained in the contact area through 4 January digging through the demolished bunkers and fortified positions recovering enemy bodies and weapons. Total body count for the operation was 103 with 28 weapons captured. US losses were six killed and 28 wounded.

Constitution



12. (C) REPORTING OFFICEN'S ANALYSIS: The battle of an Tinh is significant in that it was preceded by an agent intelligence report, the first of many such reports that proved to be accurate resulting in highly successful operations against the enemy in this area of operations. Also of significance was the highly effective use of Civil affairs in this action. The battle took place in a heavily populated area. The Task Force Commander, cognizant of the importance of Revolutionary Development quickly realized the program could easily be jeerardized were action to the contrary not taken. Consequently he pulled back all elements as seen as feasibly possible in order to evacuate the area of civilians. This was accomplished with a minimum expenditure of time and under the circumstances, little confusion. As a result many innocent lives were spared. Another significant aspect of the action was the realization that the enemy was entrenched in well-fertified positions. With this in mind the decision was reached to bring in reinforcing ground troops to encircle the area and then make maximum use of tube and acrial rocket artillery as well as tactical air. This proved to be most effective and I'm sure extremely demoralizing to the enemy troops. This is borne out by three prisoners were in when captured. Without the degree of extreme shock this tremendous supporting firepower I'm sure friendly casualties would have been greatly increased. This highly successful victory was realized because of the extremely professional and competent support offered by all elements involved. Should one of these elements been missing the operation would not have been as successful and not nearly so complete.

Loka a Jopper

JOHN A TOFFER. Captain, Infantry Reporting Officer

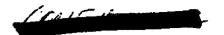
AL WILL



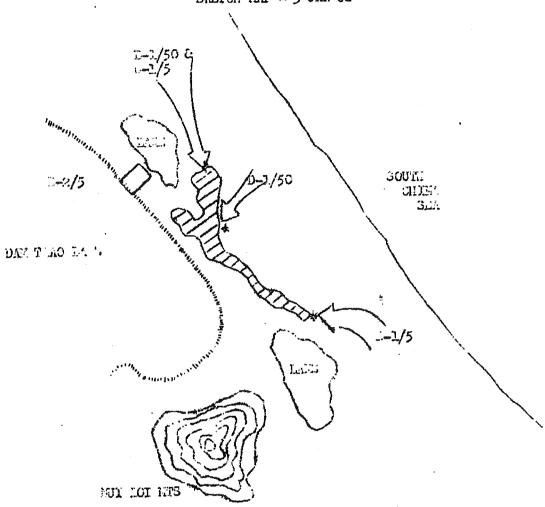
SKETCH MAP - DATTLE OF AN TINH

2 JAN 68 3002.. GHIN. Sya W roc (3) DAN TRAO LAKE NUI LOI MES

Course L



SKETCH NAP - 3 JAN 68



CONTRACTOR OF THE

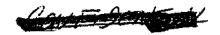
Control Control

AFFENDIX C TO INCLOSURE 1

SUBJECT: ..FTER ..CTION REPORT - B.TTLE OF TRUNG THEM

- 1. (U) CLEAR.TION: LEASHING II
- 2. (U) FERIOD COVELED: 23 January 1968
- 3. (U) LOCATION: Trung Thuan (H), My Chanh (V), Phu My (D), Binh Dinh (P), Republic of Vietnam (ER 965663)
- 4. (U) COMPAND HEADQUARTERS: 1ST BN (K), 50TH INFANTRY, 2D EDE, 1ST AIR CAV DIV
- 5. (U) RELORTING OFFICER: CAFTLIN JOHN A TOFFER
- 6. (C) TASK ORGANIZATION
 - a. A Co 1/50
 - ь. C Co 1/50
 - c. 1st En 41st ARVN Inf Begiment
 - d. Topular Forces
- 7. (C) SUPPORTING FORCES:
 - a. A Troop 1/9 Cav (GS)
 - b. 2/20 lirty (ARA) (GS)
 - c. E Btry 7/13 arty (105) (DS)
 - d. B Btry 7/15 Arty (8") (G5)
 - e. 2d Ede Aviation Flatoon (GS)
 - f. 15th Medical Bn (G5)
- 8. (C) INTELLIGENCE: Previous intelligence reports indicated a general buildup of enemy in My Chanh (V). More recent reports indicated an enemy intent to attack the pacified area in Thu My District. On the night of 22 Jan these reports were realized when a Topular Forces outpost at Chanh in to the east of Truang Thuan was attacked. Reports indicated that the enemy would embush relief forces moving to the assistance of the Fopular Forces along highway 504.

Carp Fily ENGLES



- (C) MISSION: Assist the Topular Forces Outpost and destroy the enemy,
- (C) CUNCERT OF UNERLTICES: 1/50 is to move along highway 504 10. to assist the FF outpost. 1/41 is to occupy blocking positions to the southeast. C 1/50 is on standby alert.
- (C) EXECUTION: At 0620 hours A 1/50 began their move to reinforce the PF. The FF's captured a FW from 95th En, 2d VC Regt, 3d NVi. Div. The FW stated that the main portion of the battalion was in ambush positions along may 504. A 1/50 was notified of this and at 1006 hours hit the ambush site. Tube artillery and ARA were called for and began pounding the area. The enemy responded with intense automatic weapons, recoilless rifle, rocket and mortar fire. C 1/50 was committed to the north of h 1/50 contact at 1050 hrs. They closed at 1146 hours and had only sporadic contact. Meanwhile the battle a 1/50 was engaged in raged across a front of approximately 800 meters. ARA, gunships of A 1/9 Cav and Scout birds continued receiving heavy fire as they flew over the contact area. At 1524 hours it became evident to the enemy they were being decisively defeated and began retreating to the southwest. At 1604 hours the battle ended. A 1/50 commenced police of the battle area and continued until darkness halted the operation. The next day A Company completed police of the battle area. Enemy body count was 137 killed and 33 weavens captured. Friendly casualties were 4 killed and 21 wounded.
 - REPORTING OFFICER'S ANALYSIS: This action more than any other in my experience, is indicative of the awesome fire over and total 12. combat effectiveness of a mechanized infantry company. As can be ascertained from the foregoing, almost this entire action was fought. by 1/50. Of the total body count this company accounted for 124. This is not to say supporting arms were not required. Quite the contrary, i.R., tube artillery and scout ships played a vital role. Without doubt this action could not have been as neatly executed were it not for their tremendous support. However I feel the swift and total action can be attributed to the mechanized infantry. I doubt that any other unit could kill 124 while losing only 4 in a matter of some six hours under similiar circumstances.

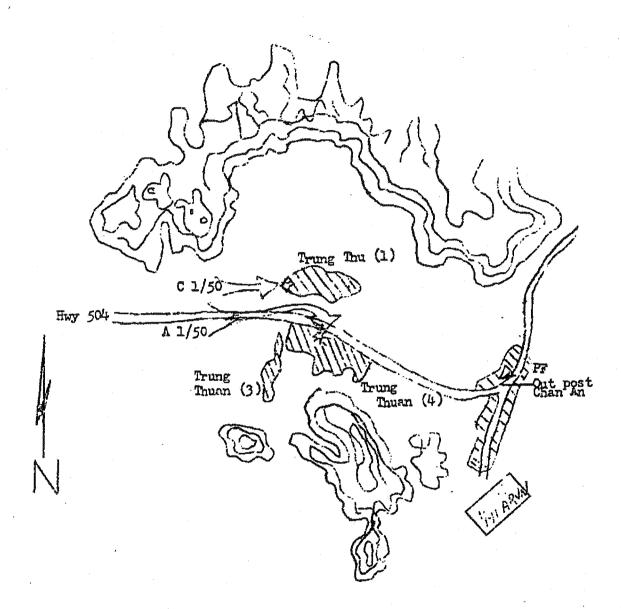
Khu a Ispper JOHN A TOFFER Captain, Infantry

Reporting Officer

THE THE VITTE



SKETCH MAP _ BATTLE OF TRUNG THUAN



Control on tody